COMMUNITY JUSTICE TASK FORCE MINUTES

Wednesday, May 15, 2013

Putman Meeting Room

Brookens Administrative Center

1776 E. Washington St., Urbana

5 6 7

8

9

1 2

3

4

MEMBERS PRESENT: Carol Ammons, Astrid Berkson (Chair), Lynn Branham, James Kilgore,

Darlene Kloeppel, Julian Rappaport, Michael Richards, Bruce Suardini

MEMBERS ABSENT:

Scott Bennett, William Sullivan

OTHERS PRESENT: Deb Busey (County Administrator), Pattsi Petrie (County Board Member),

Jim McGuire (County Board Member), Gerri Kirchner (League of Women

Voters), Linda Lane (Administrative Assistant)

14 15 16

Call to Order

17 18

Ammons called the meeting to order at 6:05 pm.

19 20

23 24

Approval of Agenda

21 22

Ammons stated she would like to make a correction to the agenda before approval. She moved #7 to #9B. **Motion** by Berkson to approve agenda; **seconded** by Kloeppel. **Approved unanimously.**

Public Participation

25 26 27

> 28 29

30

Pattsi Petri mentioned that she has two concerns regarding the ILPP report that she has talked to Dr. Kalmanoff about. The first is when the consultant leaves town after the report is done that there will be back-pedaling to the old comfort zone. The second is directions on how to keep that from happening. She stated she has asked Dr. Kalmanoff to consider including those in the final report as advice to the Board. She would like the task force to consider likewise for their report as well.

31 32

Report on Recommendations

33 34 35

36

37

38 39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48 49

50

51

52

53

54

Ammons said the committee has had several weeks to go over the recommendations for Substance Abuse, Re-Entry, and Pre-Trial Services and would like to release to Kloeppel so she can start compiling the report. Ammons asked for discussion on these items, but asked that it be kept brief since it's been discussed for many weeks now. Branham likes the addition of statistics and felt it strengthened the report. She noted that ILPP's report recommended a sobering center to put someone who's drunk, but thought detox addressed someone in an acute stage. Suardini confirmed. Branham asked if there is a potential to integrate. Suardini felt there could be with Presence Hospital looking at the Community Resource Center. As they enter the ER the assessment would place a person on the 4th floor for detox or if in acute crisis for mental health they would go to the 5th floor. If they are not in need, they could be seen at the entry level of the hospital and diverted to a program outside. Branham noted they needed to demonstrate a systemic approach and she doesn't see the impact on the jail of detox. Suardini said that a report from Alan Jones at the jail says that 75% of people in jail are in need of substance abuse services, including detox. He noted that if you look out 3-5 years, those people who are repeat offenders could be diverted from the jail to the detox center. Branham asked how many that was. Suardini said 2-3 people per week and said the hospitals and the jail are not equipped for medical detox. Kloeppel mentioned the cost. Suardini stated that a number of people being picked up aren't being assessed for substance abuse and are in jail. He said the only way you are going to get the statistic is if there is somebody doing the assessing. Rappaport stated that having a detox center won't eliminate the problem and the impact is hard to discern. Ammons doesn't see including this in the report unless the Sheriff collects the information. Suardini said it will take 2-3 people per night away

55

5657

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71 72

73

74

75

76

77

78 79

80

81 82

83

84 85

86

87

88

89 90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98 99

100

101

from the jail. Kilgore stated that what it amounts to is what percentage of people receive detox. He thought Suardini should have that information from when there was a detox center. Suardini said that out of 54 names given, 78% (42 people) are receiving services and are five-time repeat offenders. 12 or more had one episode, two had two episodes, and six are active clients. He noted that in two years the number of people who are 10+ repeat offenders is 17, 65% (11 people) of whom were in need of substance abuse services. He stated that the assessment piece is missing and without that, they can't get the numbers they are looking for. Ammons stated that Kloeppel can start and if she gets to a point where something is unclear, she can contact the person who wrote the piece. Kloeppel said she is thinking of this in terms of a flow, e.g. if the sheriff gets 100 drop-offs per night, 50 are mental health, substance abuse, homeless, etc. and shouldn't be in the jail. She noted that they should say how many could be referred to the detox center, how many to mental health services and connect it to a budget. She said show the flow of people in, the triage point, and the flow of people out, and how does that split in terms of services and money. Kilgore liked the idea of the visual and suggested using it when presenting to the Board. Berkson stated that they are still leaving out crimes of poverty of people in the system that don't appear in triage. Rappaport asked how they could make referrals if they don't know if service exists and at what capacity. He stated that everybody wants to make referrals, but who wants to provide service once the referral is made. He said that Jones report suggests that services aren't adequately dealing with the issues and that there should be ongoing evaluation. He suggested a built-in mechanism that requires evaluation and feedback. Ammons said that whatever entity does the RFP will include an evaluation in all the processes. Kilgore said the services that aren't there at all need to be identified and then they need to get them in place. Ammons said if there are no substantive recommendations for A, B and C, she wants to release to Kloeppel so she can begin her phase. Berkson said they have ignored the criminalization of poverty since the beginning. She noted there are no social service agencies for being poor. She felt there should be provisions in place so the person isn't put in jail. Ammons thought there were some recommendation in place to expand some social services that would keep people out of jail. Ammons stated there are a lot of societal issues they could talk about all night but it won't move the task force forward. Branham suggested considering the sobering center because it would make more likely that the detox center would be considered a priority for the criminal justice system. She also said talk about specific impacts if possible. She noted the statistics are good for drug court, but they need to include comparative recidivism rates to underscore the cost effectiveness for the support of drug court. Ammons asked if it was possible to get those. Suardini said he could get recidivism. Ammons asked that the information be emailed to Kloeppel for inclusion. Richards asked Berkson how she would address criminalization of poverty. Berkson said do something about decriminalizing poverty. Kloeppel asked if she was looking at another recommendation that has to do with alternative ways to pay off fines. Berkson said yes. Ammons said it is on the agenda to talk about other recommendations that aren't on the agenda. Ammons asked Suardini for a final comment. Suardini noted that Prairie Center has handled detox the best in the past. He wanted to know who was going to pay for it with the State budget reductions. Berkson asked if Obamacare would help. Suardini thought it would. He stated part of the plan to divert from jail is to have someone in the jail at entry who can do assessment. Branham felt it would be a stronger proposal if put in general language with specific features but not deciding on the entity that will serve. She noted she is wary of criticism since members of the task force belong to some of the service organizations. She also felt that they shouldn't mention funding because it will be covered in another part of the report. Kilgore noted that they haven't had a discussion regarding funding yet. Berkson felt the funding should be a discussion for the Board. Ammons felt the funding pieces regarding recommendations should be included. Kloeppel agreed with Branham and said she has concerns about recommending specific programs. Ammons noted that it was voted upon at a previous meeting that they would be specific.

102103

104

105

106

107

108109

110

111112

113114

115

116

117

118

119120

121

122

123

124125

126

127

128129

130

131132

133

134

135

136137

138

139

140141

142

143

144

145146

147

148

Kloeppel suggested saying here is an example of a program rather than recommending an entity. Ammons stated at this point that she was turning items 5A, 5B, and 5C over to Kloeppel.

Ammons moved to the Mental Health draft and noted that there are some recommendation of cost but they don't have as much statistical information as others. She asked Kloeppel's idea about that. Kloeppel said that if there is missing information they can try to get before the next few meetings. She said if they can't, they can use the same format and say they don't have the statistics because they are unavailable. Branham stated that structure is important. She said their vision is to have a coordinating council and noted that Rappaport's vision would have a different decision making body to set up a system of care. She said system of care is separate from the coordinating council that deals with criminal justice. Rappaport stated he took a practical problem and started at ground level. He said the State has stopped funding mental health programs so they are dependent on local funds. He noted that much of what he's read says that these people should be diverted to the public health system. He said that the local public health system has zero to do with mental health and it's worth alerting the community. He stated that mental health and physical health are not viewed as separate issues. He noted that people with mental health issues are a serious problem and should be a concern for the cities and public health. Branham said one option is to recommend the Mental Health Board be responsible for developing a system of care. She felt that if they didn't identify the body it wouldn't get done. Kloeppel stated that there are a couple of informal ways these decisions are made in the community. She said that all of the funders, the cities, United Way, Community Foundation and Mental Health Board staff get together occasionally to discuss who is funding what and how can they make their money work better together. She said there is also a human services council where the providers of all the social service agencies, the legal agencies, etc. get together once a month to talk about what are new services, how can we refer to each other better, here are some new staff that we have, etc. She said there is also a continuum of care which is the homeless service providers and related agencies, that get together periodically to plan a coordinated effort of services. She noted that nothing is formal that addresses the adults the jail. Rappaport agreed they exist but said there is no leadership to make it cohesive. He felt the County should take the leadership role because it is a jail issue. Suardini agreed with Branham that there should be some sort of model in terms of how to govern this issue. He read from an article about Bexar County, TX. He said that instead of saying detox and diversion, they need to have an overarching model they can present to the County. He thought the ILPP report should have included some models. Richards asked if there are precedents in the State to bring public health into this. Rappaport said felt there were but didn't know which ones. Richards suggested getting examples of other counties. Kilgore suggested looking at what Suardini put out and then be prepared to talk about it at the next meeting.

Ammons moved to Community Sanctions. Branham stated this pertains to recommendation #7. She noted they need to help people understand they have a limited system other than Second Chance and Drug Court. Her vision is to show comparative cost information to show that it's cheaper to have someone in day reporting rather than in jail. She noted a sentence that states a coordinating council can identify additional priorities, particularly priorities in augmenting a diversion programs. Berkson said that the decision on who to prosecute should be evidence-based rather than intuition. Branham said one of their recommendations is to pull evaluation into the system. Kloeppel said Dr. Kalmanoff talked about a tool to determine risk. She asked if there is a similar tool determine post-conviction options. Branham said yes. Berkson said court supervision is an option. Branham stated day fines are cutting edge in this country (common in Europe) and frees up supervision resources. She stated a day reporting center is an option for people who need more supervision than probation and it provides intermediate punishment. She noted that the current electronic monitoring is old technology with no integration. Rappaport said it is unclear to him what the impact regarding fines and day reporting is and

149

150151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167168

169

170171

172

173

174175

176

177

178179

180

181 182

183 184

185

186

187

188

189 190

191 192

193194

195

how does it interacts with demographics. He said he is worried that if implemented incorrectly and could have a disparitive impact. Branham said that another consultant would be needed. She suggested a one-day salary fine and that if implemented correctly it will diminish disparity. Rappaport felt they needed to be explicit. Berkson said they need to look at discretionary income when deciding fines. Kloeppel noted they will hear the other side of the argument saying that it's not equal because people aren't really being punished if they are paying only so much and felt that is where a consultant comes in. Branham said they should start with day-fines and that they have worked in other countries. Berkson stated that European countries don't have the amount of poverty issues we have here. Branham said there are South American countries where it has also worked. Richards said that the current fine system doesn't care how much a person makes, and thought it would be more equitable and more of a sensitive instrument. Kilgore felt it better to leave out the European context. He said that the arguments for why this way is better will have more of an impact. Richards suggested saying how many countries use this rather than naming any countries. Branham said the challenge is to find not just one jurisdiction's data and they need to show how expensive jail is to the community. Kloeppel asked if they had talked about a coordinating council, who that would be, and have they agreed that's what they want. Ammons said it's down on the agenda. She asked for more comments and suggestion to be emailed to Branham and copied to Bennett.

Ammons asked for any recommendations on the response letter to ILPP to be sent to Kilgore. Branham said she really liked the tone of the letter. She noted that the biggest deficit of the ILPP draft report is the planning board, what they would consider the coordinating council. She felt they should commend the idea of the planning board but state that the composition needs to be diverse and is something for the task force to tender a recommendation. She felt they should ask ILPP to recommend the County Board take no action or approve any plan until it has received that task force report. She wants the task force charge to be in the letter as well. She felt the Board can't do anything with ILPP's report without the information from the task force. Kilgore said the critical piece is the criminal justice advisory board and that there can't be a closed body without community participation/representation. Richards said there were many good things in the report but felt that ILPP was soft-pedaling the programs they hoped would be talked about. Kloeppel stated that when Dr. Kalmanoff talked about that part there needed to be 2-3 people intimately involved with the decision making of the system but that she didn't hear there wouldn't be others involved. Other task force members all said that he did say there would be no members of the public. Kilgore asked for direction on the next step of the letter. Rappaport said that Kilgore has their comments and they should let him complete the letter. Kilgore asked that once the letter is done that Berkson be the one to send it since she is listed as the committee chair.

Busey stated that the task force report will be given to the Board on June 25 and the ILPP final report won't be done until sometime in later in the summer so that the CJTF report can be incorporated. She said she had talked to some Board members who were in agreement with it as a concept. She noted that the Board typically doesn't meet in July and that July and August are difficult to get things moving, that the intent would be that ILPP's report would be delivered in late August or early September. Busey said they will put that as an item on next week's Board agenda. She also noted that the CJTF expanded upon their charge, which is a good thing, but not anticipated. Berkson said if ILPP is to incorporate their report, they might have one final meeting for feedback.

Next Meeting

Ammons asked that they add some meetings to the schedule. She would like to have a meeting on Wednesday, May 29 at 6pm to review funding draft; review recommendations 1,2,3,8,9,10 & 11 and

discuss core principles. Following that would be a meeting on Wednesday, June 5 at 6pm to review structure of report (Darlene Kloeppel to prepare) and review any other final recommendations. Another meeting will be Thursday, June 13 at 6pm for final approval and plan for release of report. On Tuesday, June 25 at 6pm they will deliver the report to the County Board in a County Board Study Session in the Shields Meeting Room at Brookens.

Richards asked everyone to try to come up with costs, if there is nothing for the County try to come up with something for the State or on the federal level. He also asked to look for ways that would save money as well. He said to come up with what it would take to run a successful program, then they will deal with what County, State and Federal funding is available.

Berkson noted that money isn't instantly going to be pulled out of current budgets. She said if there is a way for these things to be done in the current departments it would be good to note.

Adjournment

The meeting adjourned at 7:30 p.m.

212 Respectfully Submitted,

214 Linda Lane

196

197198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205206

207

208209

210211

213

215 Administrative Assistant