



**Reporting and insights
from 2019 audit:
Champaign County, Illinois**

December 31, 2019

Executive summary

June 1, 2021

To the Members of the County Board
Champaign County
1776 East Washington Street
Urbana, Illinois 61802

We have completed our audit of the financial statements of Champaign County, Illinois (the "County") for the year ended December 31, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated June 1, 2021. This letter presents communications required by our professional standards.

Your audit should provide you with confidence in your financial statements. The audit was performed based on information obtained from meetings with management, data from your systems, knowledge of your County's operating environment and our risk assessment procedures. We strive to provide you clear, concise communication throughout the audit process and of the final results of our audit.

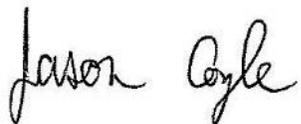
Additionally, we have included information on key risk areas the County should be aware of in your strategic planning. We are available to discuss these risks as they relate to your organization's financial stability and future planning.

If you have questions at any point, please connect with us:

- Jason Coyle, CPA, Partner: jason.coyle@bakertilly.com or +1 (630) 645 6205
- Michael E. Malatt, CPA, Senior Manager: michael.malatt@bakertilly.com or +1 (630) 645 6226

Sincerely,

Baker Tilly US, LLP

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Jason Coyle". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Jason Coyle, CPA, Partner

Table of contents

Executive summary.....	2
Responsibilities	5
Audit status.....	8
Audit approach and results	10
Accounting changes relevant to Champaign County.....	21
Trending challenges and opportunities for organizations	24
Appendix A: Management representation letter	28
Appendix B: Two-way communication regarding your audit.....	39

THIS COMMUNICATION IS INTENDED SOLELY FOR THE INFORMATION AND USE OF THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE, AND, IF APPROPRIATE, MANAGEMENT, AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE AND SHOULD NOT BE USED BY ANYONE OTHER THAN THESE SPECIFIED PARTIES.

Responsibilities



Responsibilities

Our responsibilities

As your independent auditor, our responsibilities include:

- Planning and performing the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance.
- Assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. Included in that assessment is a consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting.
- Performing appropriate procedures based upon our risk assessment.
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management.
- Forming and expressing an opinion based on our audit about whether the financial statements prepared by management, with the oversight of the County Board:
 - Are free from material misstatement
 - Present fairly, in all material respects and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America
- Performing tests related to compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, as required by *Government Auditing Standards*
- Considering internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on major federal programs to design tests of both controls and compliance with identified requirements
- Forming and expressing an opinion based on our audit in accordance with OMB's *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) about the entity's compliance with requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs.

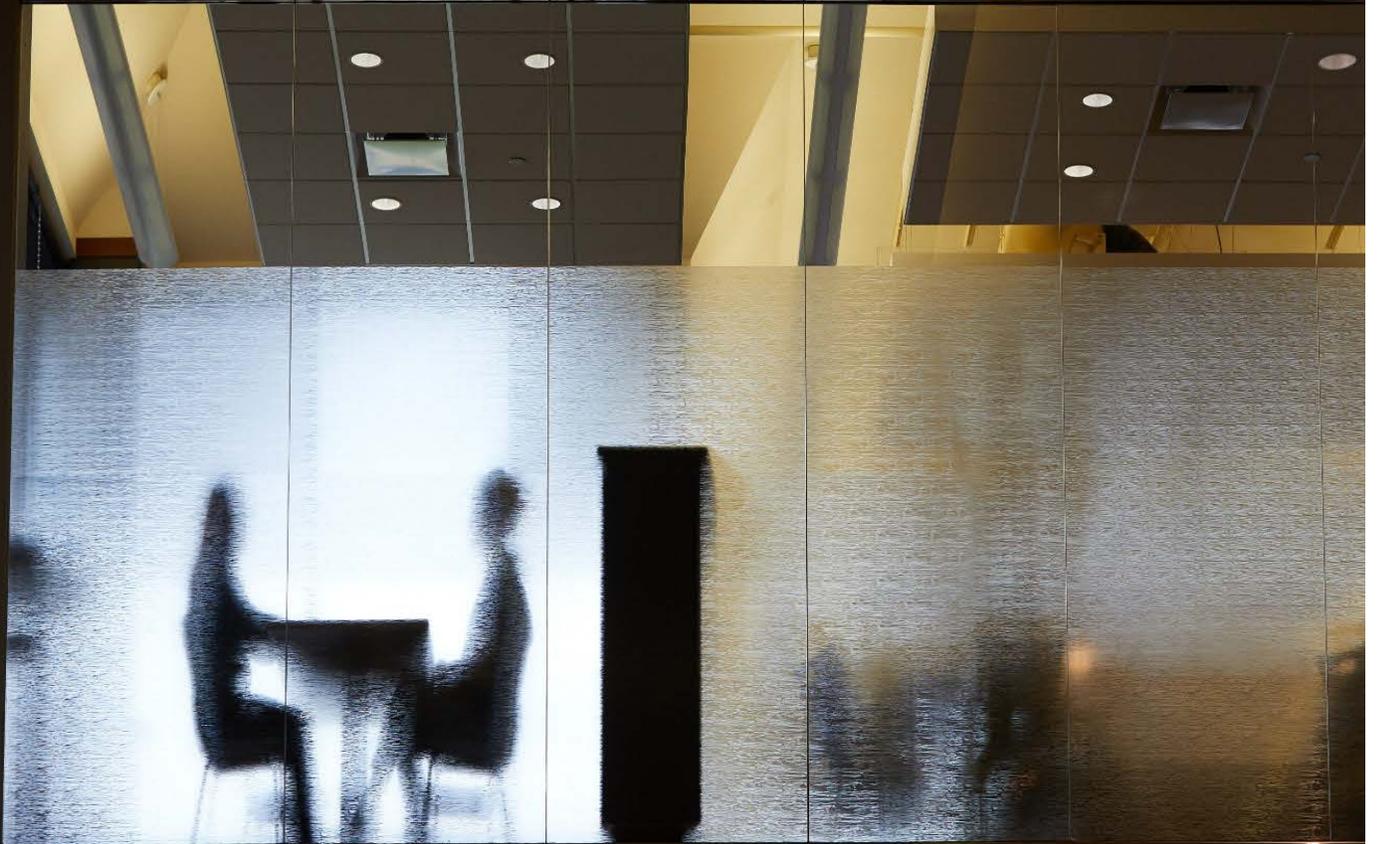
We are also required to communicate significant matters related to our audit that are relevant to the responsibilities of the County Board, including:

- Qualitative aspects of the County's accounting practice including policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures
- Significant difficulties encountered
- Disagreements with management
- Corrected and uncorrected misstatements
- Internal control matters
- Significant estimates
- Other findings or issues arising from the audit

Management's responsibilities

Management	Auditor
 <p>Prepare and fairly present the financial statements</p>	<p>Our audit does not relieve management or those charged with governance of their responsibilities</p>
 <p>Establish and maintain effective internal control over financial reporting and compliance with laws, regulations, contracts and grants</p>	<p>An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting, but not an expression of an opinion on those controls</p>
<p>Compliance with the types of requirements described in the <i>OMB Compliance Supplement</i></p>	<p>While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance, it does not provide a legal determination on compliance with those requirements.</p>
 <p>Provide us with written representations at the conclusion of the audit</p>	<p>See Appendix A for a copy of management's representations</p>

Audit status



Audit status

Significant changes to the audit plan

There were no significant changes made to either our planned audit strategy or to the significant risks and other areas of emphasis identified during the performance of our risk assessment procedures.

Audit approach and results



Audit approach and results

Planned scope and timing

Audit focus

Based on our understanding of the County and environment in which you operate, we focused our audit on the following key areas:

- Key transaction cycles
- Areas with significant estimates

Our areas of audit focus were informed by, among other things, our assessment of materiality. Materiality in the context of our audit was determined based on specific qualitative and quantitative factors combined with our expectations about the County's current year results.

Key areas of focus and significant findings

Significant risks of material misstatement

A significant risk is an identified and assessed risk of material misstatement that, in the auditor's professional judgment, requires special audit consideration. Within our audit, we focused on the following areas below.

Significant risk areas	Testing approach	Conclusion
Management override of controls	Incorporate unpredictability into audit procedures, emphasize professional skepticism and utilize audit team with industry expertise	Procedures identified provided sufficient evidence for our audit opinion
Improper revenue recognition due to fraud	Confirmation or validation of certain revenues supplemented with detailed predictive analytics based on non-financial data and substantive testing of related receivables	Procedures identified provided sufficient evidence for our audit opinion

Other key areas of emphasis

We also focused on other areas that did not meet the definition of a significant risk, but were determined to require specific awareness and a unique audit response.

Other key areas of emphasis	Testing approach	
Cash and investments	Revenues and receivables	General disbursements
Payroll	Pension and OPEB liabilities	Long-term debt
Self-insurance	Capital assets including infrastructure	Fund balance and net position calculations
Financial reporting and required disclosures		

Internal control matters

We considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements. We are not expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.

A material weakness is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We identified the following deficiencies as material weaknesses:

- **Bank Reconciliation Process**

The completion of monthly bank reconciliations is a critical element of an effective system of internal controls. This involves reconciliations being completed on a timely basis and reviewed by someone other than the original preparer. During the course of the audit, we noted the bank reconciliations were not consistently completed on a timely basis. In particular, the 2019 monthly bank reconciliations for multiple operating accounts were not completed and made available until 2021. The failure to complete bank reconciliations on a timely basis could lead to fraudulent activity not being identified and greatly increases the likelihood of inaccurate and incomplete financial records and monthly reporting being used for management decisions. We recommend the County implement processes to complete bank reconciliations within one month of receipt of statements, including formal documented review of reconciliations by someone other than the preparer.

***Management Response:** The County has appropriated funds for a dedicated temporary staff person to reconcile the cash balances of funds to their transactions as recorded in the accounting system. The Auditor's office is conducting the 2020 reconciliations in parallel to those of the treasurer in order to ensure completion in time for—and to the standards of—next year's external auditor. Going forward, the Chief Deputy Auditor will initiate reminders to the treasurer to punctually submit these reconciliations for his review.*

- **Treasurer's Office Transaction Recording / Approvals**

Timely recording and authorization of transactional activity is critical to ensuring a strong internal control environment and accurate financial reporting. This includes recording receipts and disbursements on a daily basis and implementing independent review and approval controls over the various disbursement methods utilized by the County.

We noted, within the Treasurer's Office, that cash and electronic receipts were not consistently or accurately recorded in the County's general ledger on a timely basis and daily reconciliations of cash deposits were not prepared or reviewed during 2019. As a result, no procedures were in place to ensure the completeness and accuracy of activity recorded in the County's general ledger. Additionally, electronic distributions of property taxes to other local entities were created and approved by the same individual and without independent review and approval. The failure to record transactional activity on a timely basis could result in the fraudulent activity going unidentified and

greatly increases the likelihood of inaccurate and incomplete financial records being used for management decisions.

We recommend the Treasurer's Office record receipt activity on a daily basis in conjunction with daily cash deposit reconciliations to ensure accurate and complete recording of receipt transactions in the general ledger. This process should include a formal, documented review by someone other than the individuals responsible for cash handling, transaction recording, and preparing the daily reconciliations. Additionally, all ACH transactions should be approved by someone other than the individual who initiated the disbursement. The Treasurer's Office should work with the bank to implement controls requiring secondary approval prior to the release of any ACH disbursements.

Management Response: *The 2019 finding has been corrected through the implementation of a cash receipting system maintained by the account clerks that provides details of each cash receipt including delivery date to reflect the processing within 48 hours. The account clerks have since been able to process the receipts without delay. The Treasurer's office is currently implementing a similar system for electronic deposits which should go live in July of 2021.*

- **Nursing Home Cash Receipts Process**

During the course of the audit, we identified several deficiencies in internal controls around the Nursing Home's cash receipts process. These deficiencies are as follows:

1. We noted that a review of patient status and billing rates entered into the Nursing Home's patient billing software (Matrix) for accuracy to ensure patients are being appropriately billed and that data reflects the patient's current status was not documented. We also noted that the review and reconciliation of monthly census data reports prepared by Admissions to Matrix were not documented.

We recommend that rates approved by the Board and entered into Matrix be reviewed subsequent to entry for accuracy. Patient data should also be periodically reviewed to ensure the current status is appropriately reflected. Additionally, change logs from Matrix should be generated and reviewed to ensure that unauthorized changes to rates or patient status, if any, are identified and corrected in a timely manner. These reviews should be completed by someone other than the original preparer and documentation should be maintained. Additionally, while these may occur on an informal and/or infrequent basis, quality review controls require formal documentation and consistency in the timing of review.

2. We noted that write-offs of outstanding patient receivables are completed on an annual basis; however, detail of write-offs made and documentation of review and approval of write-offs made could not be provided. There is also not a timely reconciliation of these write-offs to the County's general ledger by Nursing Home or County personnel.

We recommend that a detail of accounts receivable write-offs be maintained and include documentation of appropriate review and approval. Additionally, we recommend that the subsidiary receivable ledger be reconciled to the County's general ledger by appropriate personnel on a monthly basis. Differences between the County's general ledger and Nursing Home subsidiary ledger should be itemized and a review of the reconciliation should be documented.

3. We noted that the individual responsible for posting cash receipts to the County general ledger also handles cash receipts collections, including opening up postage mail and accessing the lockbox. Responsibilities for handling of cash and the processing of revenue in Matrix should be segregated and completed by separate individuals.

The lack of documented independent review and lack of segregation of duties represent a significant risk that errant or fraudulent activity within the Nursing Home's cash receipts process would not be identified and remedied. The implementation of 1) a formal, documented review around key inputs into the billing software and monthly reconciliations and summary reports and 2) segregating responsibilities for cash handling and cash receipt processing would greatly mitigate this risk.

Management Response: *As of April 1, 2019, Champaign County no longer owns or operates the Nursing Home as it was sold to University Rehabilitation Center of C-U LLC and University Rehab Real Estate LLC.*

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by the County Board. We identified the following deficiency as a significant deficiency:

– **Segregation of Duties / Secondary Review**

A cornerstone of effective internal control is the existence of policies and procedures to support segregation of duties. This involves separation of the initiation, execution, approval and recording responsibilities for transactions to limit access to County assets and to achieve a high likelihood that errors or irregularities in the County's accounting process are discovered in a timely manner.

As part of the audit process, we perform procedures to obtain an understanding of the County's control environment. This includes an analysis of the County's procedures and controls over significant transaction cycles. During this process, we identified the following risks within the County's control system.

1. Within the payroll process, the same individual processes payroll and generates payroll checks and direct deposits. Additionally, this individual has access to add new employees and change pay rates. We noted that the County implemented compensating controls to mitigate these risks, including a review of new hire and rate changes by an individual independent of the originator. However, this control can be circumvented as the automatic email indicating a payroll-related change can be modified to be redirected to someone other than the appropriate reviewer. As such, the compensating control cannot be considered fully effective. We also noted that a detailed review of payroll, with a focus on changes and exceptions, is not completed before processing and the review completed subsequent to payroll processing is not routinely documented. Due to limitations in staffing size and system capabilities, complete segregation may not be possible or practical.

If possible, we recommend the County segregate the responsibilities for changing underlying employee payroll data, processing payroll each period, and generating checks and direct deposits. If such segregation cannot be implemented, we recommend implementation of alternative monitoring controls through which changes to the underlying employee payroll data are reviewed on a periodic basis. For the compensating review controls implemented, we recommend modifying the control to eliminate the ability of payroll-related change communications to be redirected away from the intended reviewer. Additionally, we recommend that a detailed review of payroll be completed by someone other than the original preparer prior to final processing. This review should be formally documented.

2. Within the property tax collection and distribution cycle, we noted that the individuals responsible for preparing monthly reconciliations for the collector accounts also have the ability to process tax collections. While the individual responsible for preparing monthly reconciliations does not process tax collections on a regular basis, the access to do so presents a risk. We recommend that the individual responsible for preparing monthly bank reconciliations be restricted from handling cash and processing taxes; however, due to

significant staffing restraints within the Treasurer's Office, we recognize that the ability to fully segregate these responsibilities may not be practical.

3. We noted that several County departments do not regularly reconcile decentralized cash collections between the subsidiary ledgers (maintained by the County department) and the general ledger. The lack of formal, timely reconciliations of subsidiary ledgers to the general ledger could result in errant or fraudulent activity going undetected. We recommend that all subsidiary ledgers related to decentralized cash collections be reconciled to the County's general ledger on a routine, timely basis. These reconciliations should be formally documented.

The County should review its operations and practices to ensure that segregation can be implemented where appropriate, including consideration of the recommendations provided above. In the event that segregation cannot be achieved, monitoring controls or other alternative review procedures should be instituted to reduce the risks caused by inadequate segregation of duties.

Management Response: *The Regional Planning Commission enters its payroll information including adding new employees and changing pay rates. The Payroll Accountant reviews this information for accuracy. For other County departments, both the Payroll Accountant and the Deputy Director of Administration (a new position) will receive Personnel Information Forms for new employees and changing pay rates, which are electronically submitted by departments. The Deputy Director of Administration enters the pay rates, and the Payroll Accountant reviews this information for accuracy. Biweekly payroll (time and wages) is approved and submitted to the Payroll Accountant by each department (the department is the original preparer). Upon receipt, the Payroll Accountant reviews the department-submitted payroll for accuracy prior to processing. After processing, an Audit Trail report for employee changes and additions is sent to the Auditor's Office and the Deputy Director of Administration. The Deputy Director of Administration reviews the report for accuracy, signs and dates to document review.*

The Champaign County Treasurer's office employs 4 full-time employees, two of whom perform reconciliations, one for the Treasurer bank accounts and one for the Collector bank accounts. It would be onerous to segregate real estate tax collection staff from the distribution cycle. The need for segregation of duties must be balanced against staffing costs. The Treasurer's Office is an efficient operation with limited employees, separating duties when possible.

County departments maintaining separate subsidiary ledgers will be instructed on proper segregation and protocol by the Auditor's Office for reconciliation on a routine, timely basis.

The County's written responses to the material weaknesses and significant deficiency identified in our audit have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Required communications

Qualitative aspect of accounting practices

- Accounting policies: Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we have advised management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the County are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing accounting policies was not changed during 2019. We noted no transactions entered into by the County during the year for which accounting policies are controversial or for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus or diversity in practice.
- Accounting estimates: Accounting estimates, including fair value estimates, are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements, the degree of subjectivity involved in their development and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The following estimates are of most significance to the financial statements:

Estimate	Management's process to determine	Baker Tilly's conclusions regarding reasonableness
Net pension liability and related deferrals	Evaluation of information provided by the Illinois Municipal Retirement System	Reasonable in relation to the financial statements as a whole
Self-insurance claims	Historical claims analysis and evaluation of key assumptions set by management with the assistance of a third party actuary	Reasonable in relation to the financial statements as a whole
Total OPEB liability and related deferrals	Key assumptions set by management with the assistance of a third party actuary	Reasonable in relation to the financial statements as a whole
Depreciation	Evaluate estimated useful life of the asset and original acquisition value	Reasonable in relation to the financial statements as a whole

There have been no significant changes made by management to either the processes used to develop the particularly sensitive accounting estimates, or to the significant assumptions used to develop the estimates, noted above.

- Financial statement disclosures: The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent and clear.

Significant difficulties encountered during the audit

We encountered significant difficulties during the audit as a result of substantial delays in the County providing us required audit information due to financial records not being accurate, complete, and up-to-date until 2021, including recording of transactional activity and reconciliation of cash balances.

Other audit findings or issues

We encountered no other audit findings or issues that require communication at this time.

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the County's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Disagreements with management

Professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Uncorrected misstatements and corrected misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and to communicate accumulated misstatements to management. The schedule within the Appendix summarizes the uncorrected misstatements, other than those that are clearly trivial, that we presented to management and the material corrected misstatements that, in our judgment, may not have been detected except through our auditing procedures. In our judgment, neither the uncorrected misstatements nor the misstatements that management corrected, either individually or in the aggregate, indicate matters that could have had a significant effect on the County's financial reporting process.

Management has determined that the effects of the uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole. The uncorrected misstatements or the matters underlying them could potentially cause future period financial statements to be materially misstated, even though, in our judgment, such uncorrected misstatements are immaterial to the financial statements under audit.

Significant unusual transactions

On April 1, 2019, the County sold its nursing home facility and transitioned operations to a private enterprise. All nursing home operations of the County ceased subsequent to the sale. The County sold the facility with the intent to no longer provide such services due to continuing operational deficits.

Other than the transaction described above, there have been no other significant transactions that are outside the normal course of business for the County or that otherwise appear to be unusual due to their timing, size or nature.

Other information in documents containing audited consolidated financial statements

The County's audited financial statements are "general purpose" financial statements. General purpose financial statements consist of the basic financial statements that can be used by a broad group of people for a broad range of activities. Once we have issued our audit report, we have no further obligation to update our report for events occurring subsequent to the date of our report. The County can use the audited financial statements in other client prepare documents, such as official statements related to the issuance of debt, without our acknowledgement. Unless we have been engaged to perform services in connection with any subsequent transaction requiring the inclusion of our audit report, as well as to issue an auditor's acknowledgment letter, we have neither read the document nor performed subsequent event procedures in order to determine whether or not our report remains appropriate.

Management's consultations with other accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing or accounting matters.

Written communications between management and Baker Tilly

The Appendix includes copies of other material written communications, including a copy of the management representation letter.

Compliance with laws and regulations

We did not identify any non-compliance with laws and regulations during our audit.

We will issue a separate document which contains the results of our audit procedures to comply with the Uniform Guidance.

Fraud

We did not identify any known or suspected fraud during our audit.

Going concern

Pursuant to professional standards, we are required to communicate to you, when applicable, certain matters relating to our evaluation of the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time but no less than 12 months from the date the financial statements are issued or available to be issued, including the effects on the financial statements and the adequacy of the related disclosures, and the effects on the auditor's report. No such matters or conditions have come to our attention during our engagement.

Independence

We are not aware of any relationships between Baker Tilly and the County that, in our professional judgment, may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence.

Related parties

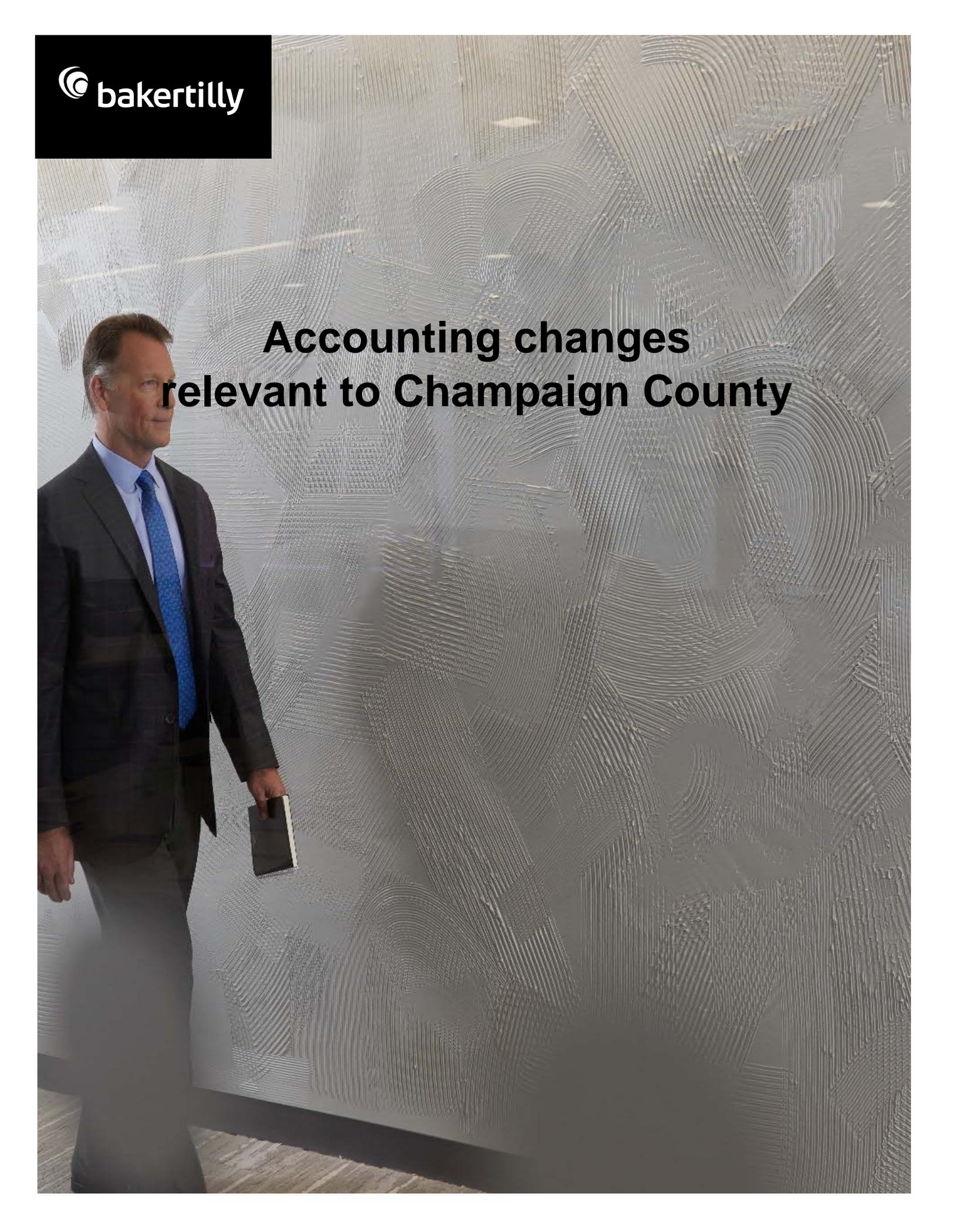
We did not have any significant findings or issues arise during the audit in connection with the County's related parties.

Other matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the supplementary information which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to the supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

We were not engaged to report on the other information, which accompanies the financial statements but are not RSI. We did not audit or perform other procedures on this other information and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

A man in a dark suit, light blue shirt, and blue patterned tie is walking from left to right in a modern office setting. He is holding a black folder or tablet. The background is a large wall with a complex, abstract pattern of overlapping lines and shapes, creating a textured, almost architectural appearance. The lighting is soft and even.

Accounting changes relevant to Champaign County

Accounting changes relevant to Champaign County

Future accounting standards update

GASB Statement Number	Description	Potentially Impacts you	Effective Date
83	Asset Retirement Obligations		12/31/20*
84	Fiduciary Activities	✓	12/31/20*
87	Leases	✓	12/31/22*
89	Accounting for Interest Incurred before the End of a Construction Period		12/31/21*
90	Majority Equity Interests and amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61	✓	12/31/20*
91	Conduit Debt	✓	12/31/22*
92	Omnibus 2020	✓	12/31/22*
93	Replacement of Interfund Bank Offered Rates		12/31/22*
94	Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements		12/31/23
96	Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements	✓	12/31/23
97	Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans	✓	12/31/22

*The statements listed above through Statement No. 93 had their required effective dates postponed by one year with the issuance of Statement No. 95, *Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, with the exception of Statement No. 87 which was postponed by one and a half years. The effective date reflected above is the required revised implementation date.

Further information on upcoming [GASB pronouncements](#).

Preparing for the new lease standard

GASB's new single model for lease accounting will be effective soon. This standard will require governments to identify and evaluate contracts that convey control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Contracts meeting the criteria for control, term and other items within the standard will result in recognizing a right to use asset and lease liability or a receivable and deferred inflow of resources.

We recommend the County review this standard and start planning now as to how this will affect your financial reporting. We recommend that you begin by completing an inventory of all contracts that might meet the definition of a lease. The contract listing should include key terms of the contracts such as:

- Description of contract
- Underlying asset
- Contract term
- Options for extensions and terminations
- Service components, if any
- Dollar amount of lease

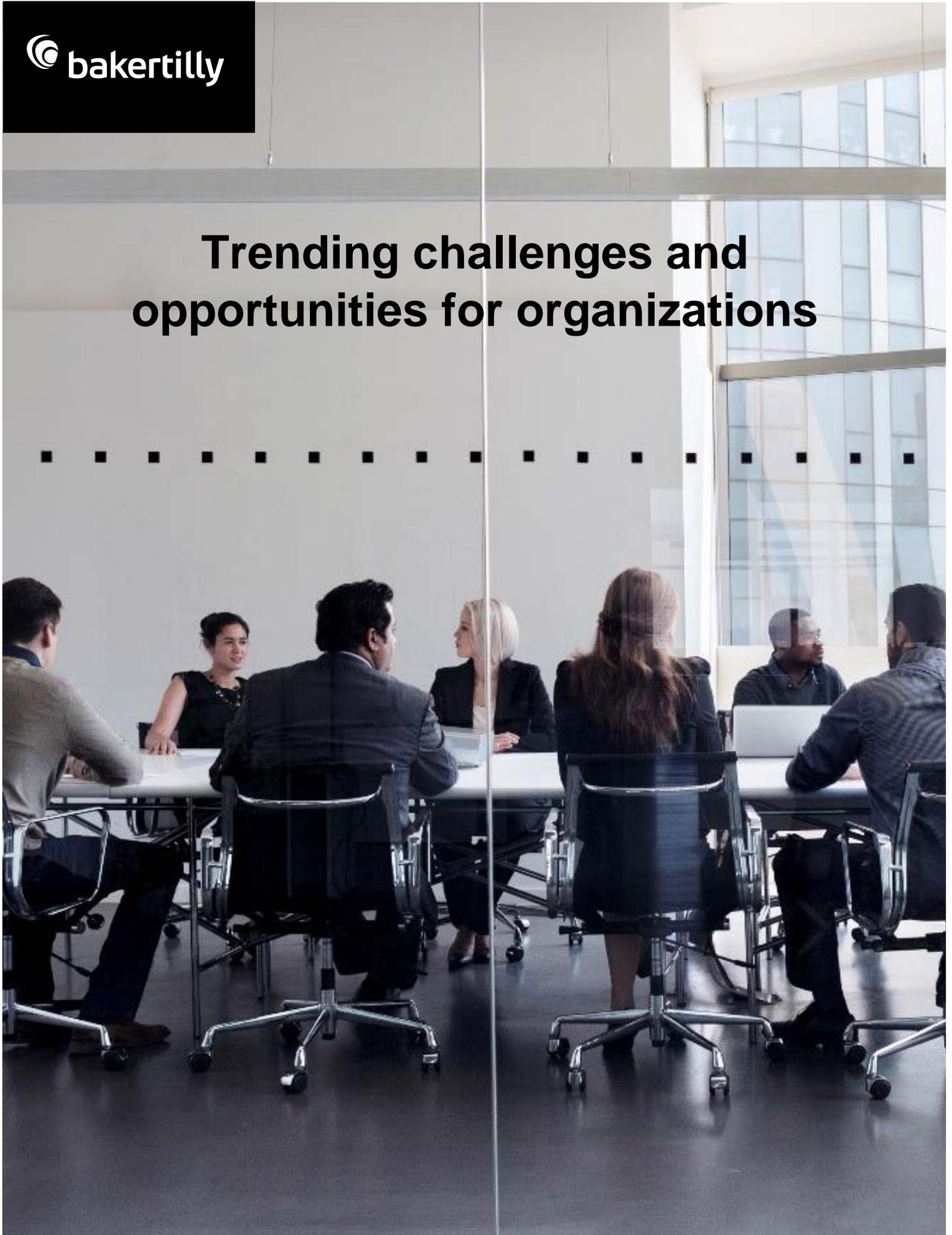
In addition, the County should begin to establish a lease policy to address the treatment of common lease types, including a dollar threshold for each lease. We are available to discuss this further and help you develop an action plan.

Learn more about [GASB 87](#).

Planning for the new conduit debt reporting

Conduit debt includes arrangements where there are three separate parties involved including a third party that is obligated for payment, a debt holder or lender and an issuing party which is often a government. This standard provides additional criteria for identifying and classifying conduit debt with the intent of providing consistency in how the debt is recorded and reported in governmental financial statements. The County should identify any existing debt arrangements involving third-party obligors and evaluate how those arrangements will be reported under the new standard in order to determine the potential impact of this standard on future financial reporting.

Trending challenges and opportunities for organizations



Trending challenges and opportunities for organizations

Management and governing bodies must keep the future in mind as they evaluate strategies to achieve future growth. Keeping a balance between risk and sustainability is key, and organizations need to think beyond their immediate needs to their long-term goals. Economic uncertainty, coupled with key risk areas and fast-paced technology change, make strategic planning complex. Begin the discussion with your management team to find your path to your future.

Turning toward recovery and growth

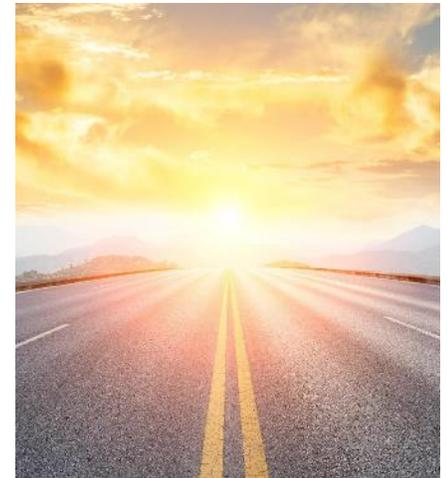
Many organizations are focusing on the strategic restart and ramp up of their operations.

With great uncertainty about what recovery will look like—or how long it will take—it is essential for your organization to understand the scenarios you may face and plan your path back to growth.

We can help you chart a way forward that will enhance and maximize your value, minimize further disruption and keep your workforce safe.

Recommendation

Follow our [road map](#) to reopen, recover and reset.



Compliance with federal awards



Challenge

The COVID-19 crisis has had a significant effect on the nation, including recipients of federal awards resulting from various congressional acts. Federal funding adds an increased level of scrutiny and brings new challenges around compliance, reporting and administration.

Finance and spending departments are operating in unprecedented times as they manage and administer these funds while also remaining economically viable, maintaining operations and adapting to the “new normal.”

Recommendation

Learn more about [compliance for federal funds](#) obtained for pandemic response efforts.

Recession proofing measures



Challenge

Ever aware of the need to balance the needs of diverse constituents against constrained revenue streams and conflicting priorities, public leaders strive to effectively deploy scarce resources while maintaining the highest levels of accountability and transparency.

In times of crisis, additional challenges emerge to maintain essential services, ensure citizen safety, protect their workforce and jumpstart programs to mitigate negative local economic impacts—all while focusing on planning for long-term effects of revenue shortages and the subsequent recovery.

Developing strategic clarity, aligning resources with priorities, strengthening performance, optimizing processes and leveraging

technology are imperative.

Recommendation

Learn about [proactive measures to insulate your organization](#) from financial hardship and to [optimize your organization's performance](#).

Recruiting and hiring

Challenge

Public sector entities in need of key workforce personnel, such as city or county managers and administrators, city or county attorneys, fire chiefs, police chiefs and other departmental directors, may find themselves in an unenviable position during a pandemic.

Organizations need the talent, but a pandemic can disrupt essential business processes and cause apprehension about access to desirable candidates.

Hiring leaders should proactively discuss what-if scenarios, evaluate short-term and long-term hiring priorities, and plan for situations where immediate recruitment is imperative.

Recommendation

Learn the key considerations and actions for [recruiting and hiring](#) in a crisis.



Risk assessment

Challenge



Organizations today manage ever-expanding priorities in a constantly evolving, disruptive risk environment. Undetected risks, insufficient internal controls and inefficient business processes may negatively impact not only the entity but also its workforce and the community at large.

Risk assessment and internal audit prove essential to identifying top risks and the appropriateness of response in order to:

- Manage risk and compliance
- Enhance governance and strategy
- Optimize operations
- Gain assurance around key functions and processes that contribute toward meeting organizational goals

Recommendation

Learn about the key considerations for the [risk assessment process and internal audit planning](#).

Economic development

Challenge

In today's complex economic landscape, communities face the daunting challenge of rebuilding their local economies. Restoring the momentum of economic expansion and investment to enhance quality of life for residents and produce long-term financial gain for the community is at the forefront of concerns.

Whether attracting growth to maximize opportunity built around community strengths or accounting for the many unknowns caused by major disruptions, a robust economic development strategy is essential to recovery.

Recommendation

Learn about the advantages of creating an [economic development strategic plan and the framework](#) to follow.



Harnessing data and analytics for strategic insight and decision-making



Challenge

In crisis and recovery, organizations are investing in advanced analytic solutions to help them not only make better decisions faster and more consistently, but also to improve operational efficiency and performance. Of all the business analytics available, advanced analytic solutions should be at the top of your priority list given the impact it can have on your business.

Recommendation

Learn more about [data & analytics strategy and roadmaps](#), [MDM and data process re-engineering](#), [AI strategy](#), [data visualization](#) and other digital and analytic capabilities.

Information technology and cybersecurity



Challenge

While return-to-work scenarios are being developed, it is likely that remote workforces will remain a reality for many organizations in the short- to mid-term. Though many organizations have been able to adapt on a short-term basis, some will not be prepared for long-term operation on a remote and virtual basis. Organizations should increase monitoring of invasive cyber events, given the likely increase in hackers sending out fake emails, website links and ransomware attacks – and also consider:

- Adequacy of IT controls and security
- Performance of remote infrastructure supporting operations
- Improvements to remote applications for communication, collaboration and workflow
- Alternatives for data entry, work and information flow

Recommendation

[Learn more](#) about information technology and cybersecurity, including [System & Organization Controls reporting](#).

A low-angle, upward-looking photograph of a modern building's interior, showcasing a complex network of dark metal beams and large glass panels that create a grid-like pattern against a bright sky. The perspective is from below, looking up through the structure.

Appendix A: Management representation letter

GEORGE P. DANOS, CPA
COUNTY AUDITOR

K. ORION SMITH, CPA
CHIEF DEPUTY AUDITOR



1776 EAST WASHINGTON
URBANA, ILLINOIS 61802
TELEPHONE (217) 384-3763
FAX (217) 384-1285

OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR
CHAMPAIGN COUNTY, ILLINOIS

June 1, 2021

Baker Tilly US, LLP

1301 W 22nd Street
Suite 400
Oak Brook, Illinois 60523

Dear Baker Tilly US, LLP:

We are providing this letter in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Champaign County as of December 31, 2019 and for the year then ended for the purpose of expressing opinion as to whether the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Champaign County and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We confirm that we are responsible for the fair presentation of the previously mentioned financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We are also responsible for adopting sound accounting policies, establishing and maintaining internal control over financial reporting, and preventing and detecting fraud.

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in the light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement. An omission or misstatement that is monetarily small in amount could be considered material as a result of qualitative factors.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the following representations made to you during your audit.

Financial Statements

- 1) We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter.
- 2) The financial statements referred to above are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and include all properly classified funds and other financial information of the primary government required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America to be included in the financial reporting entity.
- 3) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- 4) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
- 5) Significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, if any, are reasonable.
- 6) Related party relationships and transactions, including revenues, expenditures/expenses, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, and guarantees, and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 7) All events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed. No other events, including instances of noncompliance, have occurred subsequent to the financial statement date and through the date of this letter that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the aforementioned financial statements or in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.
- 8) All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.
- 9) We believe the effects of the uncorrected financial statement misstatements summarized in the attached schedule are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the basic financial statements as a whole. In addition, you have recommended adjusting journal entries, and we are in agreement with those adjustments.
- 10) All known audit and bookkeeping adjustments have been included in our financial statements, and we are in agreement with those adjustments.
- 11) The effects of all known actual or possible litigation, claims, and assessments have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 12) Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the County is contingently liable, if any, have been properly recorded or disclosed.

Information Provided

- 13) We have provided you with:
 - a) Access to all information, of which we are aware, that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, such as financial records and related data, documentation, and other matters and all audit or relevant monitoring reports, if any, received from funding sources.
 - b) Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.
 - c) Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
 - d) Minutes of the meetings of County Board or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared.

- 14) We have not completed an assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 15) We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud that affects the entity and involves:
 - a) Management,
 - b) Employees who have significant roles in internal control, or
 - c) Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 16) We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the entity received in communications from employees, former employees, regulators, or others.
- 17) We have disclosed to you all known instances of noncompliance or suspected noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements, or abuse, whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.
- 18) We have disclosed to you all known related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware.

Other

- 19) There have been no communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with, or deficiencies in, financial reporting practices.
- 20) We have a process to track the status of audit findings and recommendations.
- 21) We have identified to you any previous financial audits, attestation engagements, and other studies related to the audit objectives and whether related recommendations have been implemented.
- 22) We have provided our views on reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as our planned corrective actions, for our report.
- 23) The County has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets, liabilities, or equity.
- 24) We are responsible for compliance with federal, state, and local laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements applicable to us, including tax or debt limits, debt contracts, and IRS arbitrage regulations; and we have identified and disclosed to you all federal, state, and local laws, regulations and provisions of contracts and grant agreements that we believe have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts or other financial data significant to the audit objectives, including legal and contractual provisions for reporting specific activities in separate funds.

- 25) There are no:
- a) Violations or possible violations of budget ordinances, federal, state, and local laws or regulations (including those pertaining to adopting, approving and amending budgets), provisions of contracts and grant agreements, tax or debt limits, and any related debt covenants whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements or as a basis for recording a loss contingency, or for reporting on noncompliance, except those already disclosed in the financial statement, if any.
 - b) Other liabilities or gain or loss contingencies that are required to be accrued or disclosed by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
 - c) Nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances that were not properly authorized and approved.
 - d) Rates being charged to customers other than the rates as authorized by the applicable authoritative body.
 - e) Violations of restrictions placed on revenues as a result of bond resolution covenants such as revenue distribution or debt service funding.
- 26) Champaign County has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.
- 27) Champaign County has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statement in the event of noncompliance.
- 28) The financial statements include all component units as well as joint ventures with an equity interest, and properly disclose all other joint ventures and other related organizations, if any. Component units have been properly presented as either blended or discrete.
- 29) The financial statements properly classify all funds and activities.
- 30) All funds that meet the quantitative criteria in GASB Statement No. 34 and No. 37 for presentation as major are identified and presented as such and all other funds that are presented as major are particularly important to financial statement users.
- 31) Components of net position (net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted) and components of fund balance (nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned) are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 32) Champaign County has no derivative financial instruments such as contracts that could be assigned to someone else or net settled, interest rate swaps, collars or caps.
- 33) Provisions for uncollectible receivables, if any, have been properly identified and recorded.
- 34) Expenses have been appropriately classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations have been made on a reasonable basis.

- 35) Revenues are appropriately classified in the statement of activities within program revenues and general revenues.
- 36) Interfund, internal, and intra-entity activity and balances have been appropriately classified and reported.
- 37) Deposits and investments are properly classified, valued, and disclosed (including risk disclosures, collateralization agreements, valuation methods, and key inputs, as applicable).
- 38) Provision, when material, has been made to reduce excess or obsolete inventories to their estimated net realizable value.
- 39) Capital assets, including infrastructure and intangible assets, are properly capitalized, reported, and, if applicable, depreciated/amortized. Any known impairments have been recorded and disclosed.
- 40) Tax-exempt bonds issued have retained their tax-exempt status.
- 41) We have appropriately disclosed Champaign County's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available and have determined that net position were properly recognized under the policy. We have also disclosed our policy regarding which resources (that is, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned) are considered to be spent first for expenditures for which more than one resource classification is available.
- 42) We acknowledge our responsibility for the required supplementary information (RSI). The RSI is measured and presented within prescribed guidelines and the methods of measurement and presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period. We have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the RSI.
- 43) With respect to the supplementary information, (SI):
 - a) We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the SI in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and we believe the SI, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The methods of measurement and presentation of the SI have not changed from those used in the prior period, and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the supplementary information.
 - b) If the SI is not presented with the audited financial statements, we will make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the supplementary information no later than the date we issue the supplementary information and the auditor's report thereon.
- 44) We assume responsibility for, and agree with, the findings of specialists in evaluating the total OPEB liability and self-insured claims payable and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures used in the financial statements and underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had impact on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.

- 45) We assume responsibility for, and agree with, the information provided by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund as audited by RSM, LLP relating to the net pension asset/liability and related deferred outflows and deferred inflows and have adequately considered the reasonableness of the amounts and disclosures used in the financial statements and underlying accounting records. We also assume responsibility for the census data that has been reported to the plan.
- 46) We have evaluated and considered all potential tax abatements and believe all material tax abatements have been properly reported and disclosed.
- 47) With respect to federal award programs:
 - a) We are responsible for understanding and complying with and have complied with the requirements of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, *OMB's Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), including requirements relating to preparation of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA).b) We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the SEFA in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and we believe the SEFA, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with the Uniform Guidance . The methods of measurement and presentation of the SEFA have not changed from those used in the prior period and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the SEFA.
 - c) If the SEFA is not presented with the audited financial statements, we will make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the SEFA no later than the date we issue the SEFA and the auditors' report thereon.
 - d) We have identified and disclosed to you all of our government programs and related activities subject to the Uniform Guidance and included in the SEFA, expenditures made during the audit period for all awards provided by federal agencies in the form of grants, federal cost reimbursement contracts, loans, loan guarantees, property (including donated surplus property), cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, food commodities, direct appropriations, and other direct assistance.
 - e) We are responsible for understanding and complying with, and have complied with the requirements of laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements related to each of our federal programs and have identified and disclosed to you the requirements of laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements that are considered to have a direct and material effect on each major federal program.
 - f) We are responsible for establishing and maintaining, and have established and maintained, effective internal control over compliance for federal programs that provide reasonable assurance that we are administering our federal awards in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements that could have a material effect on our federal programs. We believe the internal control system is adequate and is functioning as intended. Also, no changes have been made in the internal control over compliance or other factors to the date of this letter that might significantly affect internal control, including any corrective action taken with regard to control deficiencies reported in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.
 - g) We have made available to you all contracts and grant agreements (including amendments, if any) and any other correspondence with federal agencies or pass-through entities relevant to the programs and related activities.
 - h) We have received no requests from a federal agency to audit one or more specific programs as a major program.

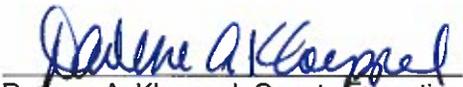
- i) We have complied with the direct and material compliance requirements including when applicable, those set forth in the OMB Compliance Supplement relating to federal awards.
- j) We have disclosed any communications from grantors and pass-through entities disclosed to you results of our including communications received from the end of the period covered by the compliance audit to the date of the auditors' report.
- k) We have disclosed to you the findings received and related corrective actions taken for previous audits, attestation agreements, and internal or external monitoring that directly relate to the objectives of the compliance audit, if any, including findings received and corrective actions taken from the end of the period covered by the compliance audit to the date of the auditors' report.
- l) Amounts claimed or used for matching were determined in accordance with relevant guidelines in the Uniform Guidance.
- m) We have disclosed to you our interpretation of compliance requirements that may have varying interpretations.
- n) We have made available to you all documentation related to the compliance with the direct and material compliance requirements, including information related to federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements.
- o) We have disclosed to you the nature of any subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period affecting noncompliance during the reporting period.
- p) We are not aware of any instances of noncompliance with direct and material compliance requirements that occurred subsequent to the period covered by the auditors' report.
- q) No changes have been made in internal control over compliance or other factors that might significantly affect internal control, including any corrective action we have taken regarding significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance, subsequent to the date as of which compliance was audited.
- r) Federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements are supported by the books and records from which the financial statements have been prepared.
- s) The copies of federal program financial reports provided you are true copies of the reports submitted, or electronically transmitted, to the respective federal agency or pass-through entity, as applicable.
- t) We have monitored subrecipients to determine that they have expended pass-through assistance in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and have met the requirements of the Uniform Guidance.
- u) We have taken appropriate action, including issuing management decisions, on a timely basis after receipt of subrecipients' auditors' reports that identified noncompliance with laws, regulations, or the provisions of contracts or grant agreements to ensure that subrecipients have taken the appropriate and timely corrective action on findings.
- v) We have considered the results of subrecipient audits and made any necessary adjustments to our books and records.

- w) We have charged costs to federal awards in accordance with applicable cost principles.
- x) We are responsible for and have accurately prepared the summary schedule of prior audit findings to include all findings required to be included by the Uniform Guidance *and* we have provided you with all information on the status of the follow-up on prior audit findings by federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, including all management decisions.
- y) We are responsible for and have accurately prepared the auditee section of the Data Collection Form as required by the Uniform Guidance.
- z) We are responsible for preparing and implementing a corrective action plan for each audit finding.
- aa) We have disclosed to you all contracts or other agreements with our service organizations, and we have disclosed to you all communications from the service organization relating to noncompliance at the service organizations.

Sincerely,

Champaign County

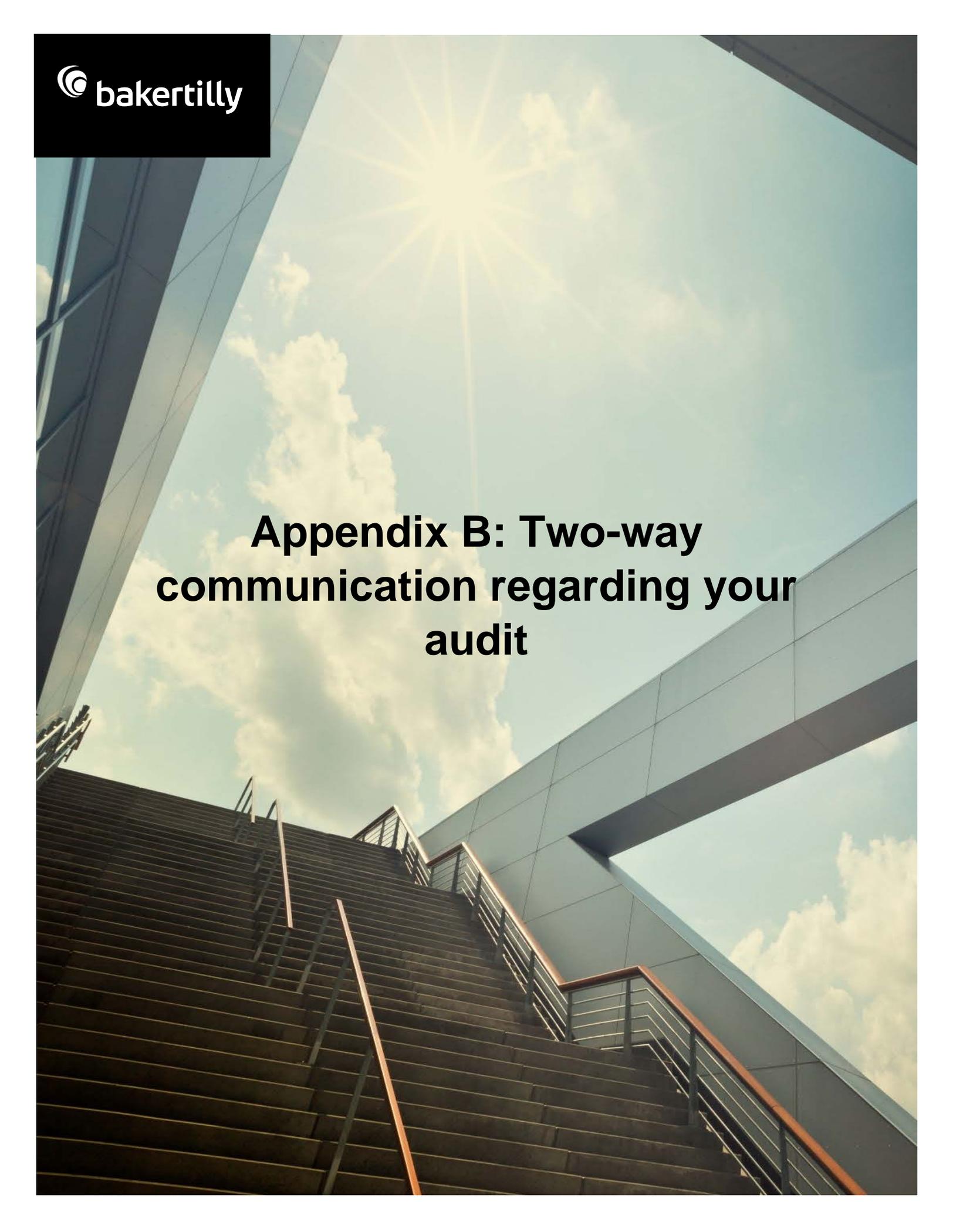
Signed: 
George P. Danos, Champaign County Auditor

Signed: 
Darlene A. Kloepfel, County Executive

Champaign County
SUMMARY OF UNCORRECTED FINANCIAL STATEMENT MISSTATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

	Financial Statements Effect - Debit (Credit) to Financial Statement Total						
	Total Assets/ Deferred Outflows	Total Liabilities/ Deferred Inflows	Total Net Position/ Fund Balances	Total Revenues	Total Expenses/ Expenditures	Change in Net Position/ Fund Balances	Beginning Net Position/ Fund Balances
Governmental Activities	162,380	408,510	(570,890)	(53,285)	(1,056,274)	(1,109,559)	538,669
Business-Type Activities	-	-	-	(217,060)	-	(217,060)	217,060
General Fund	162,380	-	(162,380)	(53,285)	41,791	(11,494)	(150,886)
Mental Health Fund	-	-	-	-	(78,663)	(78,663)	78,663
Nursing Home Fund	-	-	-	(217,060)	-	(217,060)	217,060
All Remaining Funds	(69,201)	-	69,201	-	(291,734)	(291,734)	360,935

A low-angle photograph of a modern building's exterior. In the foreground, a wide, dark stone staircase with metal railings leads upwards. The building's facade is composed of large, light-colored panels. The sky is a clear, pale blue with a bright sun in the upper center, creating a lens flare effect. A few wispy white clouds are scattered across the sky.

Appendix B: Two-way communication regarding your audit

Two-way communication regarding your audit

As part of our audit of your financial statements, we are providing communications to you throughout the audit process. Auditing requirements provide for two-way communication and are important in assisting the auditor and you with more information relevant to the audit.

As this past audit is concluded, we use what we have learned to begin the planning process for next year's audit. It is important that you understand the following points about the scope and timing of our next audit:

- a. We address the significant risks of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, through our detailed audit procedures.
- b. We will obtain an understanding of the five components of internal control sufficient to assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due to error or fraud, and to design the nature, timing and extent of further audit procedures. We will obtain a sufficient understanding by performing risk assessment procedures to evaluate the design of controls relevant to an audit of financial statements and to determine whether they have been implemented. We will use such knowledge to:
 - Identify types of potential misstatements.
 - Consider factors that affect the risks of material misstatement.
 - Design tests of controls, when applicable, and substantive procedures.
- c. We will not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or compliance with laws, regulations and provisions of contracts or grant programs. For audits performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, our report will include a paragraph that states that the purpose of the report is solely to describe the scope of testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance and that the report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering internal control over financial reporting and compliance. The paragraph will also state that the report is not suitable for any other purpose.
- d. The concept of materiality recognizes that some matters, either individually or in the aggregate, are important for fair presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles while other matters are not important. In performing the audit, we are concerned with matters that, either individually or in the aggregate, could be material to the financial statements. Our responsibility is to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance that material misstatements, whether caused by errors or fraud, are detected.

Our audit will be performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* and OMB's *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

We will not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or compliance with laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts or grant programs. For audits done in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance our report will include a paragraph that states that the purpose of the report is solely to describe (a) the scope of testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, (b) the scope of testing internal control over compliance for major programs and major program compliance and the result of that testing and to provide an opinion on compliance but not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance and, (c) that the report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the Uniform Guidance, in considering internal control over compliance and major program compliance. The paragraph will also state that the report is not suitable for any other purpose.

- e. Your financial statements contain components, as defined by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which we also audit.

We are very interested in your views regarding certain matters. Those matters are listed here:

- a. We typically will communicate with your top level of management unless you tell us otherwise.
- b. We understand that the governing board has the responsibility to oversee the strategic direction of your organization, as well as the overall accountability of the entity. Management has the responsibility for achieving the objectives of the entity.
- c. We need to know your views about your organization's objectives and strategies, and the related business risks that may result in material misstatements.
- d. We anticipate that the County will receive an unmodified opinion.
- e. Which matters do you consider warrant particular attention during the audit, and are there any areas where you request additional procedures to be undertaken?
- f. Have you had any significant communications with regulators or grantor agencies?
- g. Are there other matters that you believe are relevant to the audit of the financial statements?

Also, is there anything that we need to know about the attitudes, awareness and actions of the governing body concerning:

- a. The entity's internal control and its importance in the entity, including how those charged with governance oversee the effectiveness of internal control?
- b. The detection or the possibility of fraud?

We also need to know if you have taken actions in response to developments in financial reporting, laws, accounting standards, governance practices, or other related matters, or in response to previous communications with us.

With regard to the timing of our audit, here is some general information. If necessary, we may do preliminary financial audit work during the month of January. Our final financial fieldwork is scheduled during the spring to best coincide with your readiness and report deadlines. After fieldwork, we wrap up our financial audit procedures at our office and may issue drafts of our report for your review. Final copies of our report and other communications are issued after approval by your staff. This is typically 6-12 weeks after final fieldwork, but may vary depending on a number of factors.

Keep in mind that while this communication may assist us with planning the scope and timing of the audit, it does not change the auditor's sole responsibility to determine the overall audit strategy and the audit plan, including the nature, timing and extent of procedures necessary to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence.

We realize that you may have questions on what this all means, or wish to provide other feedback. We welcome the opportunity to hear from you.